THE PATENT OFFICE OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

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Applicant:	SYSTEC POS-TECHNOLOGY GMBH			
Attorney:	ZHANG ZHAODONG	Date of Notification:		
Application No.:	200480034027.7	Date: 21 Month: 03 Year: 2008		
Title of the Invention:	TRANSPORT CAR WITH ANTI-THEFT PROTECTION			

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little of the invention:	TRANSPOR	Γ CAR WITH ANT	1-THEFT PROTECT	TION			
Notification of the First Office Action (PCT Application in the National Phase)							
☐ The SIPO has deci- the Patent Law.	ded to examine the appl	ication on its own init	tiative under Article 35 p				
2.⊠ The applicant claim	ed priority/priorities bas	ed on the application(s	onon				
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3. The applicant submather amended the amended because said amendments.	itted amendments to the a	oplication on	and on	, wherein			
the amended	submi	tted on	and				
the amended	submi	tted on	are not acceptabl	le,			
because said amendme	ents do not comply with	Rule 51 paragraph 1 o	f the Implementing Regu	alations of the			
Patent Law.							
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	- Caba Chimana	n documents as specifi	national Application as o	riginally filed.			
☐ Description☐ Pag ☐ Pag ☐ Pag ☐ Pag ☐ Pag Re ☐ Pag ☐ Claims ☐ The ☐	es of the Chinese t es of the Almese t es of the amendme es of the amendme gulations of the Patent L es of the amendme Chinese translation of cl Chinese translation of cl	ranslation of the amen ranslation of the Inter- ranslation of the amen ranslation of the amen	identification as of the line 28 or Article 41 of PC 51 paragraph 1 of the Impartional Application as cendments made under Ar	plementing priginally filed. ticle 19 of			
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5. Conclusions of the Action: ☐ On the Description: ☐ The subject matter contained in the applicatio ☐ The description does not comply with Article ☐ The description does not comply with Article ☐ The draft of the description does not comply	20 paragraph 3 of the r	atent Law		
☐ On the Claims: ☐ Claim(s) does/do not possess the novel				
Law. ⊠ Claim(s) 1.2.3 does/do not possess the inver Patent Law.				
□ Claim(s) does/do not possess the pract the Patent Law. □ Claim(s) is/are not patentable under A. □ Claim(s) does/do not comply with Art does/do not c	ticle 25 of the Patent L cle 26 paragraph 4 of the cle 31 paragraph 1 of the	aw. he Patent l he Patent l	Law. Law.	
Claim(s) does/do not comply with Attention of the Implementing Regulations. Claim(s) does/do not comply with the	definition of inventions	preserroe		
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The divisional application does/do not comply to Regulations. Please refer to the text portion of the Office Acti		l of the I	nplementin	g
6. In view of the conclusions set forth above, the Ex ☐ the applicant should make amendments as di ☐ the applicant should expound in the respor amendments to the application where there Notification, otherwise, the application will ☐ the application contains no allowable inventi reasons to prove that the application does have	aminer is of the opinior ected in the text portion are reasons why the al are deficiencies as poi oot be allowed.	pplication inted out i	n the text	
7. The followings should be taken into consideratio (1) Under Article 37 of the Patent Law, the application from the date of receipt of the Notifimet, the application shall be deemed to have be a manufacture of the polici	n by the applicant in ma icant should respond to cation. If, without any j een withdrawn. be in conformity with	the provis	ason, the ti	ticle 33 of the
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 8. Inis Notification contains a text posterior of 2 pages. 2 cited reference(s), totaling 27 pages. 				
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TEXT PORTION OF THE FIRST OFFICE ACTION

Application Number: 2004800340277

The application relates to a transport car with anti-theft protection. After examination, the detailed opinions are provided as follows:

1. Claim 1 defines a transport car with rollers. Reference D1 (US6102414, refer to lines 15-24 of column 1, lines 40-47 of column 2, lines 47-56 of column 4; and Figs. 2-8) also discloses a shopping cart with wheels (equivalent to the transport car with rollers in the application), wherein one turn wheel 26 of the two turn wheels at the front axis can be fixed in a predetermined steering position (equivalent to the two rollers fixable in a predetermined steering position in the application), and such arrangement enables the shopping cart to move only around a fixed center of a circle so as to function as an anti-theft protection.

Claim 1 is different from reference D1 in: (1) all of rollers in the transport car in Claim 1 can be steered, but in reference D1 only the front wheels can be steered; (2) in Claim 1 two or more of the rollers are fixable in a predetermined steering position, while reference D1 discloses that only one front wheel can be fixed in a predetermined steering position. Based on the above distinctive features, it can be determined that, with respect to reference D1, Claim 1 actually aims to solve the technical problem of increasing the agility of operation of the rear rollers and providing anti-theft protection even in a situation when the roller that can fix a steering position is worn out.

As to the distinctive feature (1), it is a common technical means for those skilled in the art to design the rear rollers to be steerable in order to increase the agility of operation of the rear rollers; as to the distinctive feature (2), reference D2 (GB2327916A, refer to lines 29-30 on page 2; and Fig. 4a) also discloses a shopping trolley which can fix the steering position of the wheels, locking the steering position of a pair of wheels at left side or right side (equivalent to fixing a steering position for not reference D2, and the feature has the same function in reference D2 as in the present invention to solve the technical problem, i.e., to provide anti-theft protection even in a situation when the roller that can fix a steering position is worn out. It is obvious for those skilled in the art to obtain the technical solution of Claim 1 on the basis of reference D1 combined with the common technical means and reference D2. Claim 1 does not have prominent substantive features, and does not involve inventive steps as required under Article 22, paragraph 3 of the Patent Law of China.

2. Claim 2 is a dependent claim subordinate to Claim 1, and it further defines that an angle at which the steering position of the rollers can be fixed is different in reference to a longitudinal axis of the transport car. However, reference D1 discloses that the

shopping cart can only move around a fixed center of a circle under the action of the locking means. Those skilled in the art know that when two rollers have the same angle, the shopping cart steers in straight line according to the angle of the two rollers. Thus, only when the two rollers have different angles, can the shopping cart go around the common center of a circle defined by rollers fixed by the two angles. So those skilled in the art can get the technical solution of Claim 2 just through logical reasoning on the basis of the prior art. Therefore, the claim does not have prominent substantive features. As Claim 1 does not involve inventive steps, Claim 2 does not involve inventive steps as required under Article 22, paragraph 3 of the Patent Law of China.

3. Claim 3 is a dependent claim. However, the shopping cart disclosed in reference D1 has two axes (equivalent to the transport car being provided with several axles in the application); and reference D2 (GB2327916A, refer to lines 29-30 on page 2; and Fig.4a) also discloses a shopping trolley which can fix the steering position of the wheels, locking the steering position of a pair of wheels at left side or right side (equivalent to the two or more rollers that can be fixed in the predetermined steering position are mounted at a front axle as well as a rear axle). Therefore, the additional technical feature of Claim 3 has been disclosed by reference D1 and reference D2, and has the same function with the referencee Reference D2 gives a teaching to combine the technical solution of reference D3 with reference D1 so as to obtain the technical solution of Claim 3. Thus, combining reference D1 with reference D2 is obvious for those skilled in the art. As Claim 1 it refers to does not involve inventive steps, Claim 3 does not involve inventive steps, Claim 3 does not involve inventive steps as required under Article 22, paragraph 3 of the Patent Law of China.

4. Claim 4 mentions "at a straight steering angle in reference to the longitudinal axis of the transport car", but this expression is not clear, because the underlined part may be understood as a right angle or an angle of zero with the longitudinal axis. Thus, Claim 4 is not in conformity with Rule 20, paragraph 1 of the Implementing Regulations of the Patent Law of China.

Finally, it shall be noted that even if the "straight steering angle" in Claim 4 is supposed to be an angle of zero with the longitudinal axis according to the detailed embodiment in the description so as to remove the defect mentioned in above item 4 of the office action, Claim 4 still does not involve inventive steps as required under Article 22, paragraph 3 of the Patent Law of China. Detailed comments are as follows:

Claim 4 is a dependent claim. However, in reference D1 the turn wheel mounted at the front axis is fixable in a predetermined steering direction in reference to the longitudinal axis of the shopping cart, and it is obvious for those skilled in the art that the steering direction forms a diagonal angle with the longitudinal axis of the cart; and, the rear wheels in reference D1 cannot be turned, i.e., the rollers mounted at the rear axis may be fixed in a position at an angle of zero in reference to the longitudinal axis

(equivalent to the roller mounted at the rear axle being fixable in a position at an angle of zero in reference to the longitudinal axis of the transport car). Thus, the additional technical feature of Claim 4 has been disclosed by reference D1. As the claim it refers to does not involve inventive steps, Claim 4 does not involve inventive steps as required under Article 22, paragraph 3 of the Patent Law of China.

- 5. Claim 4 is a multiple dependent claim but refers to the preceding multiple dependent Claim 3, so Claim 4 does not comply with Rule 23, paragraph 2 of the Implementing Regulations of the Patent Law of China.
- 6. In paragraph [0009] in the description text, it is recorded "... is attained in the characterizing features according to the claims", but this manner of expression does not comply with Rule 18, paragraph 3 of the Implementing Regulations of the Patent Law of China.

Based on the above reasons, the application can not be granted the right of patent under the present text. It might be granted if the applicant makes amendment to the application documents in accordance with the examination opinions to remove the defects. Any amendment to be made shall not go beyond the scope of the original description and claims so as to comply with the provision of Article 33 of the Patent Law of China.

Examiner